IN THE CLAIMS:

- (Original) A pharmaceutical kit for nasal drug delivery comprising:
 an aqueous solution of cyanocobalamin and excipients in a container and;
- a droplet-generating actuator attached to said container and fluidly connected to the cyanocobalamin solution in the container; wherein said actuator produces a spray of the cyanocobalamin solution through a tip of the actuator when said actuator is engaged, wherein said spray of cyanocobalamin solution has a spray pattern ellipticity ratio of from about 1.0 to about 1.4 when measured at a height of 3.0 cm from the actuator tip.
- 2. (Original) The kit of claim 1 wherein said spray comprises droplets wherein less than 5% of said droplets are less than 10 μ m in size.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The kit of claim 1 wherein in the aqueous solution of cyanocobalamin has a viscosity of less than 1000 cPs, and wherein said solution of cyanocobalamin has a bioavailability of cyanocobalamin of about 7% relative to an intramuscular injection of cyanocobalamin, with the proviso that mercury and mercury containing compounds are not present in the solution.
- 4. (Original) The kit of claim 3 wherein the spray is comprised of droplets of the cyanocobalamin solution wherein less than 5% of the droplets are less than 10 μ m in size.
- 5. (Original) The kit of claim 3 wherein the spray has a spray pattern major axis and minor axis of between 25 and 40 mm each.
- 6. (Original) The kit of claim 3 wherein the solution of cyanocobalamin is further comprised of citric acid and sodium citrate wherein the solution has a pH of from about 4-6.
- 7. (Original) The kit of claim 6 wherein the pH of the solution is about 5.
- 8. (Original) The kit of claim 3 wherein cyanocobalamin is present in solution at a concentration of between 0.5-1 % by weight.

9. (Original) The kit of claim 8 wherein the concentration of cyanocobalamin in solution is about- 0.5%.

10. (Original) The kit of claim 6 wherein the citric acid is present in solution at a concentration of about 0.12%, and the sodium citrate is present in solution at a concentration of about

0.32%, in water.

- 11. (Original) The kit of claim 3 wherein the cyanocobalamin spray is comprised of droplets of the cyanocobalamin solution wherein 50% of the droplets are 26.9 μ m or less in size.
- 12. (Original) The kit of claim 3 wherein the cyanocobalamin spray is comprised of droplets of the cyanocobalamin solution, wherein 90% of the droplets are 55.3 μ m or less in size.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The product kit of claim 3 wherein the cyanocobalamin spray produces droplets of the solution, and wherein 10% of the droplets are 12.5 μ m or less in size.
- 14. (Original) A kit for administering intranasally a cyanocobalamin solution comprised of a container, a solution of cyanocobalamin in the container, and an actuator attached to said container, wherein a spray of cyanocobalamin solution is expelled through a tip of said actuator when said actuator is engaged wherein said aqueous solution of cyanocobalamin

is comprised of cyanocobalamin at a concentration of about 0.5% of total weight of solution, citric acid at a concentration of about 0.12%, sodium citrate at a concentration of about 0.32%, glycerin at a concentration of about 2.23%, benzalkonium chloride at concentration of about 0.02% and water wherein said solution of cyanocobalamin is suitable for intranasal administration, has a viscosity less than about 1000 cPs, and wherein said solution of cyanocobalamin has a bioavailability of cyanocobalamin when

administered intranasally of at least about 7% relative to an intramuscular injection of cyanocobalamin, with the proviso that the solution of cyanocobalamin contains no mercury or mercury-containing compounds, and wherein the spray has a spray pattern ellipticity ratio of from about 1.0 to about 1.4 when measured at a height of 3.0 cm from the actuator tip.

- 15. (Original) The kit of claim 14 wherein the cyanocobalamin spray is comprised of droplets of the cyanocobalamin solution, wherein less than 5 % of the droplets of the cyanocobalamin spray are less than 10 μ m in size.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The kit of claim $\frac{12}{14}$ wherein the cyanocobalamin spray is comprised of droplets of the cyanocobalamin solution, and wherein 50% of the droplets of the cyanocobalamin spray are 26.9 μ m or less in size.
- 15 17. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method kit of claim 12 14 wherein the cyanocobalamin spray produces droplets of the solution, and wherein 90% of the droplets are 55.3 μ m or less in size.
- 16 18. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method kit of claim 12 14 wherein the cyanocobalamin spray produces droplets of the solution, and wherein 10% of the droplets are 12.5 μ m or less in size.
- 17 19. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method kit of claim 12 14 wherein the spray has a spray pattern major axis of about 35.3 mm and a minor axis of about 30.8 mm.
- 18 20. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) A method for administering cyanocobalamin intranasally comprised of providing an aqueous solution of cyanocobalamin, wherein the solution of cyanocobalamin has a viscosity of less than 1000 cPs, and wherein said solution of cyanocobalamin has a bioavailability of cyanocobalamin of about 7% relative to an intramuscular injection of cyanocobalamin, with the proviso that mercury and mercury containing compounds are not present in the solution, wherein the cyanocobalamin formulation is administered into a nose of an individual through an

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actuator tip as a spray, wherein the spray has a spray pattern ellipticity ratio of from about 1.0 to about 1.4 when measured at a height of 3.0 cm from the actuator tip.

- 19 21. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim 18 20 wherein the spray produces droplets, wherein less than 5% of the droplets are less than 10 μ m in size.
- 20 22. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim 18 20 wherein the spray has a spray pattern major axis and minor axis of between 25 and 40 mm each.
- 21 23. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim 18 20 wherein the solution of cyanocobalamin is further comprised of citric acid and sodium citrate wherein the solution has a pH of from about 4-6.
- 22 24. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim 21 23 wherein the pH of the solution is about 5.
- 23 25. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim 18 20 wherein cyanocobalamin is present in solution at a concentration of between 0.5-1 % by weight.
- 24 26. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim 6 20 wherein the concentration of cyanocobalamin in solution is about 0.5%.
- 25 27. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim 18 20 wherein the citric acid is present in solution at a concentration of about 0.12%, and the sodium citrate is present in solution at a concentration of about 0.32%, in water.
- $26 \ 28$. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim $18 \ 20$ wherein the cyanocobalamin spray produces droplets of the solution, and wherein 50% of the droplets are 26.9 μ m or less in size.
- 27 29. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim 18 20 wherein the cyanocobalamin spray produces droplets of the solution, and wherein 90% of the droplets are 55.3 μ m or less in size.
- 28 30. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim 18 20 wherein the cyanocobalamin spray produces droplets of the solution, and wherein 10% of the droplets are 12.5 μ m or less in size.

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29 31. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) A method for administering cyanocobalamin comprised of providing an aqueous solution of cyanocobalamin wherein said aqueous solution of cyanocobalamin is comprised of cyanocobalamin at a concentration of about 0.5% of total weight of solution, citric acid at a concentration of about 0.12%, sodium citrate at a concentration of about 0.32%, glycerin at a concentration of about 2.23%, benzalkonium chloride at concentration of about 0.02% and water wherein said solution of cyanocobalamin is suitable for intranasal administration, has a viscosity less than about 1000 cPs, and wherein said solution of cyanocobalamin has a bioavailability of cyanocobalamin when administered intranasally of at least about 7% relative to an intramuscular injection of cyanocobalamin, with the proviso that the solution of cyanocobalamin contains no mercury or mercury-containing compounds, and wherein the cyanocobalamin solution is administered into a nose of an individual through an actuator tip as a spray, wherein the spray has a spray pattern ellipticity ratio of from about 1.0 to about 1.4 when measured at a height of 3.0 cm from the actuator tip.

- $30 \ 32$. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim $29 \ 31$ wherein the cyanocobalamin spray produces droplets of the solution, wherein less than 5 % of the droplets are less than 10 μ m in size.
- 31 33. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim 29 31 wherein the cyanocobalamin spray produces droplets of the solution, and wherein 50% of the droplets are 26.9 μ m or less in size.
- 32 34. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim 29 31 wherein the cyanocobalamin spray produces droplets of the solution, and wherein 90% of the droplets are 55.3 μ m or less in size.
- 33 35. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim 29 31 wherein the cyanocobalamin spray produces droplets of the solution, and wherein 10% of the droplets are 12.5 μ m or less in size.
- 34 36. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim 29 31 wherein the spray has a spray pattern major axis and a minor axis of about 25 40 mm each.

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35 37. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) A method for elevating the vitamin Bl2 levels in the cerebral spinal fluid (CSF) comprising administering intranasally a sufficient amount of a solution of cyanocobalamin so that the average ratio of vitamin B 12 in the CSF to that in the blood serum (E12 CSF/BI2 Serum x 100) is increased to at least about 1.1, wherein said aqueous solution of cyanocobalamin is comprised of cyanocobalamin at a concentration of about 0.5% of total weight of solution, citric acid at a concentration of about 0.12%, sodium citrate at a concentration of about 0.32%, glycerin at a concentration of about 2.23%, benzalkonium chloride at concentration of about 0.02% and water wherein said solution of cyanocobalamin is suitable for intranasal administration, has a viscosity less than about 1000 cPs, and wherein said solution of cyanocobalamin has a bioavailability of cyanocobalamin when administered intranasally of at least about 7% relative to an intramuscular injection of cyanocobalamin, with the proviso that the cyanocobalamin solution contains no mercury or mercury-containing compounds and wherein the cyanocobalamin solution is administered into a nose of an individual through an actuator tip as a spray, wherein the spray has a spray pattern ellipticity ratio of from about 1.0 to about 1.4 when measured at a height of 3.0 cm from the actuator tip.

- 36 38. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim 35 37 wherein the cyanocobalamin spray produces droplets of the solution, wherein less than 5 % of the droplets are less than 10 μ m in size.
- 37 39. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim 35 37 wherein the cyanocobalamin spray produces droplets of the solution, and wherein 50% of the droplets are 26.9 μ m or less in size.
- 38 <u>40</u>. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim <u>35</u> <u>37</u> wherein the cyanocobalamin spray produces droplets of the solution, and wherein 90% of the droplets are 55.3 μ m or less in size.
- 39 41. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim 35 37 wherein the cyanocobalamin spray produces droplets of the solution, and wherein 10% of the droplets are 12.5 μ m or less in size.

40 42. (Currently Amended/Renumbered) The method of claim 35 37 wherein the spray has a spray pattern major axis and a minor axis of between 25 - 40 mm each.